#### Section I. (Amendments to the Claims)

Please amend claims 1, 12 and 36, and withdraw claims 12-36, as set out below in the listing of claims 1-36 of the application.

- (Currently Amended) A precursor composition comprising at least one tantalum species selected from the group consisting of:
  - (i) tethered amine tantalum complexes of the formula (I):

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
NR^{3} & NR^{1}R^{2} \\
NR^{4} & & & \\
NR^{5} & & & \\
NR^{5} & & & \\
NR^{1}R^{2} & & & \\
NR^{1}R^{2} & & & \\
\end{array}$$
(I)

wherein:

each of R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, silyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsilyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> aryl and nitrogen-containing groups such as NR<sup>6</sup>R<sup>7</sup>, wherein R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are the same as or different from one another and each is independently selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, and C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, or alternatively NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup> may be represented by the molecular moiety

wherein m = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6;

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylene, silylene (-SiH<sub>2</sub>-), C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> dialkylsilylene and NR<sup>8</sup>, wherein R<sup>8</sup> is selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl; and

n is 1, 2, 3, or 4, but where R<sup>4</sup> is silylene, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> dialkylsilylene or NR<sup>8</sup>, n must be 1;

(ii) tethered amine tantalum complexes of the formula (II):

$$(R^{4})_{n} NR^{3} | NR^{3} NR^{3}$$

$$NR^{5} NR^{3} | NR^{3} NR^{3}$$

$$NR^{5} NR^{1}R^{2}$$
(II)

wherein:

each of R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, silyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsilyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> aryl and nitrogen-containing groups such as NR<sup>6</sup>R<sup>7</sup>, wherein R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are the same as or different from one another and each is independently selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, and C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, or alternatively NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup> may be represented by the molecular moiety

wherein m = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6;

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylene, silylene (-SiH<sub>2</sub>-), C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> dialkylsilylene and NR<sup>8</sup>, wherein R<sup>8</sup> is selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl; and

n is 1, 2, 3, or 4, but where R<sup>4</sup> is silylene, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> dialkylsilylene or NR<sup>8</sup>, n must be 1; and

(iii) tantalum amide compounds of the formula (III):

$$(R1R2N)5-nTa(NR3R4)n (III)$$

wherein:

each of R<sup>4</sup>—R<sup>4</sup>-is independently selected from the group consisting of C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, silyl,

C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> eyeloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsilyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>40</sub>-aryl, or alternatively at least one of

NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup> or and NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup> may be represented by the molecular moiety.

wherein m = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6, and wherein when only one of  $NR^1R^2$  and  $NR^3R^4$  is said molecular moiety

the other of NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup> and NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup> has substituents R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> in the case of NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> in the case of NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup> which are the same as or different from one

# another and each is independently selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, silyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsilyl, and C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> aryl, and

n is 1, 2, 3, or 4.

- (Original) The precursor composition of claim 1, further comprising a solvent for said tantalum species.
- (Original) The precursor composition of claim 2, wherein said solvent comprises a
  solvent species selected from the group consisting of C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkanes, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> aromatics,
  and compatible mixtures thereof.
- 4. (Original) The precursor composition of claim 2, wherein said solvent comprises a solvent species selected from the group consisting of hexane, heptane, octane, nonane, decane, toluene and xylene.
- 5. (Original) The precursor composition of claim 1, comprising at least one tethered amine tantalum complex of formula (I).
- 6. (Original) The precursor composition of claim 1, comprising at least one tethered amine tantalum complex of formula (II).
- (Original) The precursor composition of claim 1, comprising at least one tantalum amide compound of formula (III).
- 8. (Original)  $\eta^2$ -N,N'-dimethylethylenediamino-tris-dimethylaminotantalum.
- 9. (Original) Bis-diethylamino-tris-dimethylaminotantalum.
- 10. (Original)  $\eta^2$ -N,N'-diethylethylenediamino-tris-dimethylaminotantalum.
- 11. (Original) η<sup>2</sup>-N,N'-dimethylpropanediamino-tris-dimethylaminotantalum.

- 12. (Withdrawn) A method of forming Ta material on a substrate from a precursor, comprising vaporizing said precursor to form a precursor vapor, and contacting the precursor vapor with the substrate to form said Ta material thereon, wherein the precursor comprises at least one tantalum species selected from the group consisting of:
  - (i) tethered amine tantalum complexes of the formula (I):

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
NR^{3} & NR^{l}R^{2} \\
NR^{4} & & & \\
NR^{3} & & & \\
NR^{l}R^{2} & & & \\
NR^{l}R^{2} & & & \\
NR^{l}R^{2} & & & \\
\end{array}$$
(I)

wherein:

each of R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, silyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsilyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> aryl and nitrogen-containing groups such as NR<sup>6</sup>R<sup>7</sup>, wherein R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are the same as or different from one another and each is independently selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, and C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, or alternatively NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup> may be represented by the molecular moiety

wherein m = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6;

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylene, silylene (-SiH<sub>2</sub>-), C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> dialkylsilylene and NR<sup>8</sup>, wherein R<sup>8</sup> is selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl; and

n is 1, 2, 3, or 4, but where R<sup>4</sup> is silylene, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> dialkylsilylene or NR<sup>8</sup>, n must be 1;

(ii) tethered amine tantalum complexes of the formula (II):

$$(R^{4})_{n} NR^{3} NR^{5} NR^{3}$$

$$Ta NR^{3} NR^{3}$$

$$NR^{5} NR^{1}R^{2}$$

$$NR^{5} NR^{1}R^{2}$$

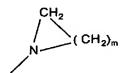
$$NR^{5} NR^{1}R^{2}$$

$$NR^{5} NR^{5}$$

$$NR^{5} NR^{5} NR^{5} NR^{5}$$

wherein:

each of R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, silyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsilyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> aryl and nitrogen-containing groups such as NR<sup>6</sup>R<sup>7</sup>, wherein R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are the same as or different from one another and each is independently selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, and C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, or alternatively NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup> may be represented by the molecular moiety



wherein m = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6;

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylene, silylene (-SiH<sub>2</sub>-), C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> dialkylsilylene and NR<sup>8</sup>, wherein R<sup>8</sup> is selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl; and

n is 1, 2, 3, or 4, but where  $R^4$  is silylene,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  dialkylsilylene or  $NR^8$ , n must be 1; and

(iii) tantalum amide compounds of the formula (III):

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$$(R^{1}R^{2}N)_{5-n}Ta(NR^{3}R^{4})_{n}$$

(III)

wherein:

each of R<sup>4</sup>—R<sup>4</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of C<sub>4</sub>—C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, silyl,

C<sub>3</sub>—C<sub>8</sub> eyeloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>—C<sub>4</sub> alkylsilyl, C<sub>6</sub>—C<sub>10</sub> aryl, or alternatively at least one of

NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup> or and NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup> may be represented by the molecular moiety

wherein m = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6, and wherein when only one of  $NR^1R^2$  and  $NR^3R^4$  is said molecular mojety

the other of NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup> and NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup> has substituents R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> in the case of NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> in the case of NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup> which are the same as or different from one another and each is independently selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, silyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsilyl, and C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> aryl, and

n is 1, 2, 3, or 4.

- 13. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 12, wherein said material formed on the substrate is TaN.
- 14. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 12, wherein the precursor composition further comprises a solvent for said tantalum species.
- 15. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 14, wherein said solvent comprises a solvent species selected from the group consisting of C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> alkanes, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> aromatics, and compatible mixtures thereof.
- 16. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 12, wherein said solvent comprises a solvent species selected from the group consisting of hexane, heptane, octane, nonane, decane, toluene and xylene.
- 17. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 12, comprising liquid delivery chemical vapor deposition of the Ta material.
- 18. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 12, comprising deposition of said Ta material on said substrate by a technique selected from the group consisting of chemical vapor deposition and atomic layer deposition.
- 19. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 12, wherein the substrate comprises a microelectronic device structure.
- (Withdrawn) The method of claim 19, wherein said Ta material comprises TaN or TaSiN.
- 21. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 20, further comprising metalizing said substrate after deposition of said Ta material thereon.
- 22. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 20, further comprising forming a ferroelectric thin film on the substrate.

- 23. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 12, wherein said Ta material comprises TaN.
- (Withdrawn) The method of claim 12, wherein said Ta material comprises Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>.
- 25. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 12, wherein said Ta material comprises BiTaO<sub>4</sub>.
- 26. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 12, comprising liquid delivery chemical vapor deposition of said precursor to form TaN on the substrate.
- 27. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 26, further comprising metallizing the substrate with copper.
- 28. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 26, further comprising forming a ferroelectric thin film on the substrate.
- (Withdrawn) The method of claim 12, wherein the precursor composition comprises η²-N,N'-dimethylethylenediamino-tris-dimethylaminotantalum.
- 30. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 12, wherein the precursor composition comprises bisdiethylamino-tris-dimethylaminotantalum.
- (Withdrawn) The method of claim 12, wherein the precursor composition comprises η²-N,N´-diethylethylenediamino-tris-dimethylaminotantalum.
- (Withdrawn) The method of claim 12, wherein the precursor composition comprises η²-N,N'-dimethylpropanediamino-tris-dimethylaminotantalum.
- 33. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 12, comprising liquid delivery chemical vapor deposition.
- 34. (Withdrawn) A process for making a tantalum complex of formula (I):

$$(R^{4})_{n} NR^{3} | NR^{l}R^{2}$$

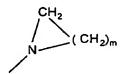
$$| Ta - NR^{l}R^{2}$$

$$| NR^{1} R^{2}$$

$$| NR^{1}R^{2}$$
(I)

wherein:

each of R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, silyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsilyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> aryl and nitrogen-containing groups such as NR<sup>6</sup>R<sup>7</sup>, wherein R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are the same as or different from one another and each is independently selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, and C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, or alternatively NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup> may be represented by the molecular moiety



wherein m = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6;

R<sup>4</sup> is selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylene, silylene (-SiH<sub>2</sub>-), C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> dialkylsilylene and NR<sup>8</sup>, wherein R<sup>8</sup> is selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl; and

n is 1, 2, 3, or 4, but where R<sup>4</sup> is silylene, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> dialkylsilylene or NR<sup>8</sup>, n must be 1;

said process comprising reacting a compound of formula (IV) with LiNR<sup>5</sup>(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>n</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>Li:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & Cl & NR^{l}R^{2} \\
 & R^{2}RN & |Cl| & NR^{l}R^{2} \\
 & Ta & |R^{2}RN & |R^{l}R^{2} \\
 & NR^{l}R^{2} & Cl & NR^{l}R^{2}
\end{array}$$
(IV)

wherein  $R^1 - R^5$  and n are as defined above.

### 35. (Withdrawn) A process for making a tantalum complex of formula II:

$$(R^{4})_{n} = NR^{3} | NR^{5} | NR^{3} | NR^{3} | NR^{3} | NR^{4} | NR^{3} | NR^{4} | NR^{5} | NR^{4} | NR^{5} | NR^{5$$

wherein:

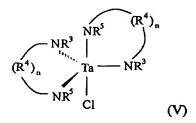
each of R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, silyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkylsilyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> aryl and nitrogen-containing groups such as NR<sup>6</sup>R<sup>7</sup>, wherein R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are the same as or different from one another and each is independently selected from the group consisting of H, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, and C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, or alternatively NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup> may be represented by the molecular moiety

wherein m = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6;

 $R^4$  is selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkylene, silylene (-SiH<sub>2</sub>-),  $C_1$ - $C_4$  dialkylsilylene and  $NR^8$ , wherein  $R^8$  is selected from the group consisting of H,  $C_3$ - $C_8$  cycloalkyl and  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkyl; and

n is 1, 2, 3, or 4, but where  $R^4$  is silylene,  $C_1$ - $C_4$  dialkylsilylene or  $NR^8$ , n must be 1; said process comprising

reacting TaX<sub>5</sub> with LiNR<sup>5</sup>(R<sup>4</sup>)<sub>n</sub>NR<sup>3</sup>Li to yield a compound of formula (V):



wherein  $R^3$  - $R^5$  and n are as defined above and X = Cl, Br or I; and reacting the compound of formula (V) with LiN( $R^1R^2$ ),

wherein R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are as defined above.

36. (Withdrawn) A process for making a tantalum amide compound of the formula (III):

$$(R1R2N)5-nTa(NR3R4)n (III)$$

wherein:

each of R<sup>1</sup>—R<sup>4</sup> is independently selected from the group consisting of C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, silyl,

C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> eyeloalkyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsilyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>-aryl, or alternatively at least one of

NR<sup>1</sup>R<sup>2</sup> or and NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup> may be represented by the molecular moiety

wherein m = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6, and wherein when only one of  $NR^1R^2$  and  $NR^3R^4$  is said molecular moiety

the other of  $NR^1R^2$  and  $NR^3R^4$  has substituents  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  in the case of  $NR^1R^2$  and  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  in the case of  $NR^3R^4$  which are the same as or different from one another and each is independently selected from the group consisting of  $C_1$ - $C_4$  alkylsilyl, and  $C_5$ - $C_{10}$  aryl, and

n is 1, 2, 3, or 4;

said process comprising

reacting compound (IV) with LiNR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>:

wherein R<sup>1</sup>-R<sup>4</sup> are as defined above.

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